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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/645,364	08/21/2003	Gilles Amblard	H1902 / AMDP981US	7431
23623	7590	06/30/2005	EXAMINER	
AMIN & TUROCY, LLP 1900 EAST 9TH STREET, NATIONAL CITY CENTER 24TH FLOOR, CLEVELAND, OH 44114			CHACKO DAVIS, DABORAH	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1756	

DATE MAILED: 06/30/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/645,364

Applicant(s)

AMBLARD ET AL.

Examiner

Daborah Chacko-Davis

Art Unit

1756

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 August 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-23 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1-8, 10, and 17-23, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U. S. Patent No. 6,650,422 (Singh et al, hereinafter referred to as Singh) in view of U. S. Patent No. 6,6561,706 (Sing et al, herein after referred to as Singh '706).

Singh, in the abstract, in col 2, lines 14-52, in col 3, lines 8-20, in col 4, lines 1-12, in col 6, lines 6-66, in col 9, lines 1-15, and lines 45-49, discloses a method for mitigating asymmetry in the pattern profile of features (line widths, spacings, packing density, surface geometry) on a semiconductor device, using scatterometry techniques (using scatterometry system), and detectors that characterize and measure data from the photoresist pattern and determine the pattern profile from the collected data, storing the determined profile in the memory component of the processor system, determining the profile characteristics of each side of the photoresist pattern feature by comparing data associated with known feature profiles, and ascertaining the asymmetry for both sides of the feature. Singh, in col 9, lines 1-15, discloses that the data set associated with the features under analysis may be put into the trained neural network (artificial intelligence) which will then provide a determination of the state of the feature profile

(making inferences), and the asymmetric information associated with the feature under analysis is feedback or fed forward into fabrication process parameters (and generating feedback) (claims 1-8, 10 and 17-23).

The difference between the claims and Singh is that Singh does not disclose that the pattern profiles determined on the photoresist features are that of line-edge roughness, and critical dimensions.

Singh '706, in col 2, lines 14-66, discloses a system that monitors the photoresist pattern features and generate information from scatterometric analysis, and control subsequent processes based on the collected data from monitoring previous processes, and therefore facilitate achieving desired critical dimensions and pattern edge dimensions (uniformity in pattern width, and line edge roughness).

Therefore, it would be obvious to a skilled artisan to modify Singh by employing the method of monitoring features such as CD and LER as suggested by Singh '706 because Singh '706, in col 2, lines 46-63, and in col 3, lines 1-28, discloses that determining desired critical dimensions and edge characteristics of patterned features lead to substantial uniformity of critical dimensions between layers, which in turn facilitates higher speeds in such chips.

3. Claims 9, 11-16, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U. S. Patent No. 6,650,422 (Singh et al, hereinafter referred to as Singh) in view of U. S. Patent No. 6,6561,706 (Sing et al, herein after referred to as Singh '706).

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as applied to claims 1-8, 10, and 17-23 above, and further in view of U. S. Patent No. 6,730,458 (Kim et al).

Singh in view of Sing '706 is discussed in paragraph no. 2.

Singh, in the abstract, in col 2, lines 14-52, in col 3, lines 8-20, in col 4, lines 1-12, in col 6, lines 6-66, in col 9, lines 1-15, and lines 45-49, discloses determining the photoresist pattern profile from the collected data, storing the determined profile in the memory component of the processor system, determining the profile characteristics of each side of the photoresist pattern feature by comparing data associated with known feature profiles, and ascertaining the asymmetry for both sides of the feature. Singh, in col 9, lines 1-15, discloses that the data set associated with the features under analysis may be put into the trained neural network (artificial intelligence) which will then provide a determination of the state of the feature profile (making inferences), and the asymmetric information associated with the feature under analysis is feedback or fed forward into fabrication process parameters (and generating feedback) (claims 11-14, and 16).

The difference between the claims and Singh in view of Singh '706, is that Singh in view of Singh '706 does not disclose that the non-lithographic shrink component comprises one of the claimed components recited in claims 9, and 15.

Kim, in col 2, lines 3-16, discloses using RELACS processes (non-lithographic shrink component) for correcting line-edge roughness.

Therefore, it would be obvious to a skilled artisan to modify Singh in view of Singh '706 by employing RELACS processes suggested by Kim because Kim, in col 2,


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lines 3-24, discloses that implementing RELACS and thermal flow in photoresist pattern results in the reduction of viscosity of the polymerized photoresist and allows it to flow or slump, thereby reducing of the size of the contact openings to achieve fine patterns of desired contact hole sizing.

Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daborah Chacko-Davis whose telephone number is (571) 272-1380. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:30 - 6:00. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark F. Huff can be reached on (571) 272-1385. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

dcd


June 27, 2005.


JOHN A. MCPHERSON
PRIMARY EXAMINER